The First Epistle to the Thessalonians – Chapter 2



"For yourselves, brethren, know our entrance in unto you, that it was not in vain." -

1 Thessalonians 2:1 (KJV)

Introduction



Chapter 2 continues Paul's heartfelt letter to the Thessalonians, defending the sincerity of his ministry and reminding them how he and his companions lived among them. Despite fierce opposition, they preached with boldness, integrity, and humility. Their goal was never personal glory but God's approval. This section is a masterclass in authentic ministry—courageous in message, gentle in spirit, and blameless in conduct.

Structure of 1 Thessalonians 2: 1-12

Paul and the Brethren — Their Teaching While Present

Verses	Focus	Summary
1–2	The Gospel of God Imparted	Paul reminds them that his visit was not in vain—he proclaimed the Gospel boldly, even after suffering in Philippi.
3	Their Exhortation — Not of Deceit	Their appeal came from sincerity, not from error, impurity, or deception.
4–6 (a)	Their Preaching	They spoke as men approved by God and entrusted with the Gospel—not to please men, but to please God who tests the heart.
4-6 (b)	God Their Witness	God Himself bears witness to their honesty; they sought neither flattery nor gain from men.
7	Comparison — As a Nursing Mother	Their gentleness is pictured as that of a mother tenderly caring for her children.
8	The Gospel of God Imparted (Again)	Out of deep affection, they shared not only the Gospel but their own lives.
9	Their Labor — Not to Be Chargeable	They worked day and night so as not to burden anyone while preaching the Gospel.
9–10	Their Preaching / God Their Witness	Their conduct was holy, righteous, and blameless before both God and men.
11–12	Comparison — As a Father	Paul's fatherly ministry: exhorting, comforting, and urging them to walk worthy of God who calls them into His kingdom and glory.

Lectio Divina

Chapter 2: 1–7

- 1 For yourselves,
 - → brethren,
 - * know our entrance in unto you,
 - that it was not in vain:
- 2 But even after that we had suffered before,
 - and were shamefully entreated,
 - as ye know,
 - at Philippi,
 - we were bold in our God
 - to speak unto you the gospel of God
 - with much contention.
- 3 For our exhortation was not of deceit,
 - nor of uncleanness,
 - nor in guile:
- 4 But as we were allowed of God
 - to be put in trust with the gospel,
 - even so we speak;
 - not as pleasing men,
 - but God,
 - which trieth our hearts.
- 5 For neither at any time
 - used we flattering words,
 - as ye know,
 - nor a cloke of covetousness;
 - ♣ God is witness:
- 6 Nor of men sought we glory,
 - neither of you,
 - nor yet of others,
 - when we might have been burdensome,
 - as the apostles of Christ.
- 7 But we were gentle among you,
 - even as a nurse cherishes her children:

Lectio Divina

Chapter 2: 8–12

8 So being affectionately desirous of you,

- we were willing to have imparted unto you,
- not the gospel of God only,
- but also, our own souls,
- because ye were dear unto us.

9 For ye remember,

- brethren,
- our labor
- and travail:
- for laboring night and day,
- because we would not be chargeable unto any of you,
- we preached unto you the gospel of God.

10 Ye are witnesses,

- and God also,
- how holily
- and justly
- and unblameably
- we behaved ourselves
- among you that believe:

11 As ye know

- how we exhorted
- and comforted
- and charged
- every one of you,
- as a father doth his children,

12 That ye would walk worthy of God,

- who hath called you
- unto his kingdom
- and glory.

Lectio Divina

Chapter 2: 13–17

13 For this cause also

- thank we God
- without ceasing,
- ₱ because,
- when ye received the word of God
- which ye heard of us,
- ye received it not as the word of men,
- but as it is in truth,
- the word of God,
- which effectually worketh also in you that believe.

14 For ye,

- brethren,
- became followers of the churches of God
- which in Judaea are in Christ Jesus:
- for ye also have suffered like things of your own countrymen,
- even as they have of the Jews:

15 Who both killed the Lord Jesus,

- and their own prophets,
- and have persecuted us;
- and they please not God,
- and are contrary to all men:

16 Forbidding us to speak to the Gentiles

- that they might be saved,
- to fill up their sins always:
- for the wrath is come upon them to the uttermost.

17 But we,

- brethren,
- being taken from you for a short time in presence,
- not in heart,
- endeavored the more abundantly
- to see your face
- with great desire.

Lectio Divina

Chapter 2: 18-20

- 18 Wherefore we would have come unto you,
 - even I Paul,
 - once and again;
 - * but Satan hindered us.
- 19 For what is our hope,
 - or joy,
 - or crown of rejoicing?
 - Are not even ye in the presence of our Lord Jesus Christ at His coming?
- 20 For ye are our glory
 - and joy.

Observation 1 - Boldness After Beatings

- 1 For yourselves,
 - ₱ brethren,
 - nknow our entrance in unto you,
 - that it was not in vain:
- 2 But even after that we had suffered before,
 - and were shamefully entreated,
 - as ye know,
 - at Philippi,
 - * we were bold in our God
 - to speak unto you the gospel of God
 - with much contention.
 - our entrance unto you...Paul reminds them that the visit "was not in vain"—the gospel produced real fruit despite heavy opposition. The phrase "shamefully entreated at Philippi" points back to public beating and imprisonment (see Acts of the Apostles 16:19–40).
 - *Bold in our God...*Yet they were "bold in our God," meaning their courage came from God's strength, not human toughness (see Second Corinthians 3:5).
 - *Much contention...* this carries the idea of struggle or conflict; the message advanced in the middle of real resistance (see First Corinthians 16:9). True gospel work often meets pushback, but opposition does not cancel God's purpose—it clarifies it (see Philippians 1:12–14).
 - Personal Application...

Courage is not the absence of pain; it is confidence in God within pain. When pressure rises, pray for boldness "in our God" and keep speaking the truth in love. Ask the Lord to turn your difficult place into a fruitful place.

Observation 2 - Pure Motives, God-Pleasing Ministry

- 3 For our exhortation was not of deceit,
 - nor of uncleanness,
 - nor in guile:
- 4 But as we were allowed of God
 - to be put in trust with the gospel,
 - even so we speak;
 - not as pleasing men,
 - but God,
 - which trieth our hearts.
 - *our exhortation...*Paul underscores the purity of the message and the purity of the messenger. Their appeal did not spring from error, moral compromise, or manipulation; instead, they spoke as men approved by God and entrusted with the gospel—a sacred stewardship (see First Corinthians 4:1–2).
 - *not as pleasing men...* Their target was not human applause but God's approval, the One who continually tests the heart (see Galatians 1:10; Hebrews 4:12–13). Authentic ministry marries truthful content with clean motives, aiming at the pleasure of God rather than the praise of people (see Second Corinthians 4:2; Colossians 3:23–24).
 - Personal Application...

Before you speak or serve, pray: "Lord, purify my motives." Choose one act of obedience this week that you do quietly seeking God's approval according to His Word and not any human recognition.

Observation 3 -No Flattery, No Hidden Greed, No Craving for Glory

- 5 For neither at any time
 - used we flattering words,
 - as ye know,
 - nor a cloke of covetousness;
 - God is witness:
- 6 Nor of men sought we glory,
 - neither of you,
 - nor yet of others,
 - when we might have been burdensome,
 - as the apostles of Christ.
 - *Neither of us at any time...* Paul denies three common ministry corruptions: flattery, greed, **and** craving human honor.

He refuses flattering speech that manipulates for influence (see Proverbs 29:5; Psalms 12:2–3).

He rejects a "cloak of covetousness," any pious front masking personal gain (see Acts of the Apostles 20:33–35; Second Corinthians 2:17).

And he does not seek glory from people; his aim is God's approval, not applause (see John 5:44; Galatians 1:10).

Though the Apostle Paul had the rightful claim to material support as an apostle, he chose not to "be burdensome," modeling voluntary restraint for the sake of the gospel's integrity (see First Corinthians 9:4–18; compare 1 Thessalonians 2:9).

Authentic leadership involves: truthful speech, transparent motives, and self-denying conduct.

• Personal Application...

Guard your words from flattery, your heart from hidden greed, and your service from the need to be noticed. This week, practice one quiet act of generosity or restraint that only God sees—and let His "Well done good and faithful servant" be enough.

Observation 4 – A Mother's Gentleness, A Shepherd's Gift of Self

- 7 But we were gentle among you,
 - even as a nurse cherishes her children:
- 8 So being affectionately desirous of you,
 - we were willing to have imparted unto you,
 - not the gospel of God only,
 - but also, our own souls,
 - Decause ye were dear unto us.
 - Gentle among you...Paul shifts from boldness under fire to gentleness at home: true ministry is not only courageous; it is tender. Like a nursing mother, he and his team cherished the church—patient, protective, nearby.
 - *Not the Gospel only...* Their love moved beyond sermons to shared life: "not the gospel only, but also our own souls." This is costly, time-consuming, self-spending love (see Second Corinthians 12:15; First John 3:16).

The image guards against hard, impersonal leadership and shows the gospel's shape—truth delivered with a person, not just by a person (see John 13:34–35; Acts of the Apostles 20:20, 31). Affection ("ye were dear unto us") isn't sentimentalism; it's the fuel that makes shepherds stay close, carry burdens, and keep serving when no one sees (see Romans 12:10; Galatians 6:2).

• Personal Application...

Share more than words—share yourself. This week, choose one brother to cherish with practical care: a meal, a ride, a prayer visit, or a listening ear. Let your love make the truth warm and believable.